HOUSE BILL No. 1334

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 8-1-2.

Synopsis: IURC fining authority. Allows the utility regulatory commission (IURC) to impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 if a public utility providing energy services violates or fails to comply with any: (1) utility law; or (2) rate or service requirement imposed by the IURC. Allows the IURC to impose an additional penalty of up to \$10,000 if the violation or failure to comply demonstrates a willful disregard by the public utility of its duty to remedy the violation or a willful failure to comply. Specifies that a suit to recover a penalty imposed by the IURC shall be brought by the attorney general.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

Moses, Pierce

January 13, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Commerce, Energy, Technology and Utilities.





First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1334

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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does not appl	y to	:							
FOLLOWS [F	EFFE	ECT	IVE JULY	1, 20	009]: Sec.	109	. (a)	This sec	tion
SECTION	1.	IC	8-1-2-109	IS	AMEND	ED	TO	READ	AS

- (1) a public utility that owns, operates, manages, or controls any plant or equipment in Indiana for the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, or power; or
- (2) a department of public utilities created under IC 8-1-11.1.
- (b) A public utility that violates this chapter, or fails to perform any duty enjoined upon it, for which a penalty is not otherwise provided, commits a Class B infraction.

SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-109.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 109.1. (a) This section does not apply when a public utility's violation or failure to comply under subsection (d) is caused by circumstances beyond the control of the public utility, including any of the following:



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1	(1) (1)	
1	(1) Customer provided equipment.	
2	(2) A negligent act or omission of a customer.	
3	(3) An unavoidable casualty.	
4	(4) An act of God.	
5	(b) As used in this section, "public utility" means every	
6	corporation, company, partnership, limited liability company,	
7	individual, or association of individuals, or their lessees, trustees,	
8	or receivers appointed by a court, that may own, operate, manage,	
9	or control any plant or equipment in Indiana for the production,	
10	transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, or power. The	
11	term includes a department of public utilities created under	
12	IC 8-1-11.1. The term does not include:	
13	(1) a municipality or political subdivision;	
14	(2) a rural electric membership corporation organized or	
15	operating under IC 8-1-13; or	
16	(3) a corporation organized under IC 23-17-1 that is an	
17	electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that	1
18	is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13.	
19	(c) A public utility and every officer of a public utility shall	
20	comply with every order or rule of the commission made under this	
21	chapter.	
22	(d) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, if the	
23	commission finds, after notice and hearing, that a public utility has	
24	violated this chapter or failed after due notice to comply with:	
25	(1) a standard of service established by commission rule; or	
26	(2) a rate or service requirement of a final and unappealable	
27	order of the commission;	1
28	the commission may order the public utility to pay a civil penalty	
29	of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation	
30	or failure to comply.	
31	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (d), if the commission finds after	
32	notice and hearing that the public utility's violation or failure to	
33	comply demonstrates, by a continuing pattern of conduct, a willful	
34	disregard by the public utility of its obligation to remedy the	
35	violation or a willful failure to comply, the commission may impose	
36	an additional civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars	
37	(\$10,000) for each violation or failure to comply.	
38	(f) The commission shall consider the following when	
39	determining the appropriateness of the imposition or amount of a	
40	civil penalty:	
41	(1) The size of the public utility.	

(2) The gravity of the violation or failure to comply.



1	(3) The good faith of the public utility in attempting to:
2	(A) remedy the violation; or
3	(B) achieve compliance after receiving notification of the
4	violation or failure to comply.
5	(4) The effect of the civil penalty on the public utility's
6	financial ability to provide adequate and reliable service.
7	(5) If the public utility is a nonprofit company:
8	(A) the effect of the penalty on the company's members
9	and their capitalization of the company; and
10	(B) whether the act or omission causing the violation or
11	failure to comply was approved or requested by the
12	company's members.
13	In the order imposing the civil penalty, the commission shall make
14	specific findings with respect to the factors described in
15	subdivisions (1) through (5).
16	(g) A public utility may not be subject to both a civil penalty
17	under this section and a negotiated penalty under a commission
18	approved settlement agreement for the same violation or failure to
19	comply. If the commission has approved a settlement agreement
20	that includes penalties or remedies for noncompliance with specific
21	provisions of the settlement agreement, the penalties provided in
22	this section do not apply to those instances of noncompliance
23	during the life of the settlement agreement.
24	(h) Notwithstanding section 112 of this chapter, the civil
25	penalties provided for in this section for each violation or failure
26	to comply by a public utility may not be multiplied or increased
27	because of the number of customers affected or the length of time
28	service is affected. Only one (1) violation or failure to comply per
29	day may be attributed to a public utility as a result of a particular
30	condition, system outage, storm, act, omission, event, decision, or
31	other cause occurring on that day.
32	(i) Civil penalties recovered under this section shall be paid into
33	the state general fund.
34	(j) Upon the motion of a public utility, the commission shall stay
35	the effect or enforcement of an order under this section pending an
36	appeal, if the public utility posts a bond that complies with Rule 18
37	of the Indiana Rules of Appellate Procedure.
38	SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-115 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 115. The commission
40	shall inquire into any neglect or violation of the statutes of this state or
41	the ordinances of any city or town by any public utility doing business

therein, or by the officers, agents, or employees thereof, or by any



person operating the plant of any public utility, and shall have the power, and it shall be its the commission's duty, to enforce the provisions of this chapter, as well as all other laws, relating to public utilities. Any forfeiture or penalty provided in this chapter shall be recovered, and suit therein shall be brought in the name of the state of Indiana in the circuit or superior court where the public utility has its principal place of business. by the attorney general in a court that has jurisdiction. Complaint for the collection of any such forfeiture may be made by the commission or any member thereof, and, when so made, the action so commenced shall be prosecuted by the attorney general. counsel.







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